# “It’s All Greek to Me” Scavenger Hunt”

1. **Greece can be found on the southern part of what continent?**
2. **There is an island by Greece named Crete where the first important civilization in Greek history began. What was the name of this civilization?**
3. **The isthmus of Corinth joins two areas of land in Greece. What is the definition of an isthmus?**
4. **In early Greece two cities were famous. What were the two cities?**
5. **On the east Greece is bordered by what sea?**
6. **On the west Greece is bordered by what sea?**
7. **The first Olympic Games were held in what city in ancient Greece?**
8. **On the island of Ithaca lived a famous hero from Greek literature. Who was this hero?**
9. **The Classical age of Greece lasted about a 100 years. We describe this time as the “(blank)” Age of Greece?**
10. **Greece is a land covered by mountains which form natural barriers and boundaries dividing ancient Greece into many small areas that ruled themselves. What were these areas called?**
11. **One mountain in Greece stands at an elevation nearly 10,000 feet. Which mountain is it?**
12. **Almost everywhere in Greece is within a short driving distance from the sea. From the farthest spot in Greece about how many miles is the coastline?**
13. **Greece’s gift to the ancient world was what type of government?**
14. **What sea would you be crossing if you sailed west from Greece through the Strait of Gibraltar?**
15. **The Acroplis, which is some of many famous ruins in Greece, can be seen in which modern day city?**
16. **The civilization on the island of Crete was the Minoan civilization and it lasted for 1,500 years. What king was this civilization named after?**
17. **Greece had many merchant ships to do their trading. To protect these merchant ships and their large amount of shoreline from pirates and invasion they formed the world’s first what?**
18. **Two carved lions still guard the entrance to the oldest city on mainland Greece. What city is it?**
19. **Agamemnon was a king of Mycenae. He helped lead the Greeks to a victory in a famous battle with what city?**
20. **The wife of the King of Sparta, who was named Helen, started a war that lasted 10 years when she fell in love with a man named Paris.**
21. **Supposedly the Greeks used a clever ploy to defeat the City of Troy. What did the Greeks use?**
22. **The leader of the Greek gods was Zeus and he controlled everything above ground. Who ruled over the river Styx and the underworld?**
23. **What is the definition of an oligarchy?**
24. **What is the definition of a tyrant?**
25. **The largest population was found in which Greek city-state?**
26. **The two most powerful city-states during the Golden Age of Greece were which two city-states?**
27. **In which city-state was being physically fit and a member of the strong well trained army the most important thing a man could do?**
28. **The city-state that had a center of the arts and a strong Navy was which city-state?**
29. **Who was the winner of the the Peloponnesian War? How many years did it last?**
30. **By conquering the Greek city-states one by one by 238 B.C. Greece was under the control of one man. Who was this man?**
31. **The most famous conqueror was the son of the man who conquered Greece. The son eventually conquered most of the known world at the time. Who was this man?**
32. **In Greece the main piece of clothing was a tunic that was made from a piece of cloth pinned and tied. What was this garmet?**
33. **The Greeks also had a wrap that they could wear over their tunic on cool evenings. What was this wrap called?**
34. **What was the garment called that the ancient Romans used to wear?**
35. **For men in Sparta, the most important was for them to be prepared for what?**
36. **Two kings, a council of citizens, and ephors who were 5 overseers ruled which city-state?**
37. **Babies that were born weak and though not to be strong were left to die of exposure in what city-state?**
38. **In Sparta most people fit into a social class that was so low it was just above the class of slaves. What was this group of people called?**
39. **Along with having parent’s born in Athens a man had to be how old to become a citizen?**
40. **How old was a boy in Sparta when he started his military training?**
41. **At what age could men leave the army in Sparta? Then what were they supposed to do after?**
42. **Which ruler was the first to allow citizens of Athens to make their own laws using an assembly?**
43. **The light, fast Navy warships that protected the slower merchant ships of Greece were called what?**
44. **Every four years there was a religious festival of games to honor which Greek god?**
45. **What are the five sports of the original Greek Olympic pentathlon?**
46. **Who was the Greek writer who wrote *The Iliad* and *The Odyssey?***
47. **What famous Greek war doe the long poem *The* Iliad talk about?**
48. **While on his way home from the Trojan War Odysseus faced many adventures. What Greek poem talks about these adventures?**
49. **Who is the Greek goddess of wisdom?**
50. **The first and last letters of the Greek alphabet are what?**
51. **The Greeks had many great philosophers. Who are often considered the three greatest ones?**
52. **Nowdays we call this water passage the Strait of Gibralter. What did the early Greeks call it?**
53. **To honor the goddess Athena, what temple was built in Athens?**
54. **A famous writer who wrote stories that always ended with a moral lived in ancient Greece. He wrote such well known stories as “The Hare and the Tortoise” and “The Fox and the Grapes”. Who was this writer?**